

CPA: World History

Spring Semester Review Sheet

Dopman

Readings from Modern World History:

- World War I – **Chapter 13, all sections**
- The Russian Revolution – **Chapter 14, sections 1 and 2**
- Years of Crisis: The Depression and Pre-WWII – **Chapter 15, sections 2, 3 & 4**
- World War II – **Chapter 16, all sections**
- Cold War – **Chapter 17, sections 1, 4, and 5**
- China – **Chapter 14, section 3; Chapter 17 section 2; Chapter 19 section 5**

World War I

- Causes of World War I
 - Nationalism – connection to economic competition, resources
 - Imperialism
 - Militarism
- Triple Alliance (1882) – Germany, Austria-Hungary, Italy
- Kaiser Wilhelm II
- “two front war”
- Triple Entente – Britain, France, Russia
- The Balkans – “A powder keg”
 - New nations break away from the Ottoman Empire: Bulgaria, Greece, Montenegro, Romania, Serbia
 - Slavic ethnicity and culture
 - Serbia – Russia vs. Austria-Hungary
- Archduke Franz Ferdinand
- Gavrilo Princip
- June 28th, 1914
- “The shot heard around the world”
- Austria-Hungary → ultimatum to Serbia
- The Schlieffen Plan
- The Central Powers vs. The Allies
- The Western Front
- The First Battle of the Marne
- Trench warfare
- The Eastern Front
- Stalemate
- The spread of the conflict around the world
- The U.S. enters war, April 2nd 1917
 - Blockade
 - Unrestricted submarine warfare
 - U-boat
 - *Lusitania*
 - The Zimmerman Note
- Total war
- Rationing
- Propaganda
- Russia withdrawals from the war
 - Czar Nicholas
 - Vladimir Lenin

- The Treaty of Brest-Litovsk, March 1918
- 2nd Battle of the Marne
- Armistice
- November 11th, 1918
- The Meeting at Versailles
 - Fourteen Points
 - Self-determination
 - The Treaty of Versailles, Chart PAGE 381
 - War guilt clause
 - League of Nations
 - The creation of new nations
 - "...a peace built on quicksand."
- World War I's costs: economical, culturally, socially
- People from WWI:
 - Woodrow Wilson
 - David Lloyd George
 - Georges Clemenceau
 - Czar Nicholas
 - Vladimir Lenin
 - Kaiser Wilhelm II

Russian Revolution

- Revolution – violent or non-violent?
 - Malcolm X
 - Gandhi
- Czar
- Alexander III
- Pogroms
- Nicholas II
- Autocracy
- Industrialization → Exploitation
- Mensheviks
- Bolsheviks
- Vladimir Lenin
- Revolution of 1905
- Duma
- *Cause and Effect*: Impact of World War I on Russia
- *"Dr. Zhivago"*
- Provisional government
- Soviets
- "Peace, Land, Bread!"
- The Bolshevik Revolution
- Treaty of Brest-Litovsk
- Lenin and his New Economic Policy (NEP)
- Communism
- Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (USSR)
- "dictatorship of the Communist Party vs. a dictatorship of the proletariat"
- Joseph Stalin
- Totalitarianism
- Command economy
- Five year plan
- Collective farms
- Kulaks

- The Great Purge
- Propaganda
- Indoctrination
- Censorship
- Religious Persecution
- Daily life under Stalin

The Great Depression

- Europe after WWI
- The Treaty of Versailles
- Economic recession
- Global Depression
- Inflation
- Stocks
- Stock market
- Regulation
- Speculation
- NYSE Crashes, 1929
- Bank run
- World trade and globalization
- The economy and democracy
- FDR and the New Deal
- Fascism
 - vs. communism
- Benito Mussolini

World War II

Germany

- Adolf Hitler
- National Socialist German Workers Party (Nazi)
- Nazism
- *Swastika*
- *der Fuhrer*
- *Mein Kampf*
- Aryan
- Gestapo
- *Schutztaffel (SS)*
- Totalitarianism
- 1936 Olympics and Jesse Owens

Japan

- Militarists Take Control
- Emperor Hirohito
- Industrialization and imperialism
- Manchuria
- Invades mainland China

Hitler Marches Towards War

- Appeasement
- Rhineland/ Military Buildup
- Axis Powers

- Third Reich
 - Austria
 - Czechoslovakia
 - The Munich Conference
 - Neville Chamberlain
 - Germany and USSR – Nonaggression Pact
 - Poland
 - *Blitzkrieg*
 - Reaction of France and Britain
 - Charles de Gaulle
 - Winston Churchill
 - *Operation Sea Lion*
 - Battle of Britain
 - Germany and Italy attack North Africa
 - Germany invades USSR (compared to Napoleon)
 - Atlantic Charter
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- December 7th, 1941, “A date that will live in infamy.”
 - Pearl Harbor
 - Japanese Colonies
 - “Asia for Asians”
 - The Battle of Midway
 - Douglas MacArthur
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- The Holocaust
 - Anne Frank
 - Nuremburg Laws
 - *Kristallnacht*
 - “brain drain”
 - Ghettos
 - The Final Solution
 - Genocide
 - Gas chambers
 - Jews Killed Under Nazi Rule
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- Dwight D. Eisenhower
 - Battle of Stalingrad
 - U.S. mobilizes for total war economy
 - Japanese Americans – internment camps
 - D-Day
 - Battle of the Bulge
 - V-E Day
 - The Atomic Bomb
 - The Manhattan Project
 - Hiroshima
 - Nagasaki
 - V-J Day
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- Europe in Ruins – Costs of the War
 - Nuremberg Trials
 - Impact of Japan
 - Demilitarization

- Democratization

China

- Mao Zedong
- Jiang Jieshi
- May 4th Movement
- USSR & China
- SES, Communism, & Civil War
- The Long March
- Japan invades China 1937 – Civil war ends
- People’s Republic of China 1949
- Taiwan
- Communes
- Great Leap Forward
- Red Guard
- Cultural Revolution
- China today...

The Cold War

- Superpower
- United Nations
 - Permanent members/Security Council
- USSR vs. USA
- Communism vs. Capitalism
- Iron Curtain
- Truman Doctrine
- Containment
- The Marshall Plan
- The Berlin Airlift
- The Cold War
- NATO
- Warsaw Pact
- Arms race
- Nuclear Weapons
- MAD
- Deterrent
- ICBM
- Korea
- Vietnam
- Ho Chi Minh
- Domino Theory
- Viet Cong
- Third World
- Developing Nation
- Cuban Missile Crisis
- Fidel Castro
- Afghanistan
- CIA
- “blowback”
- “Destalinization”
- Nikita Khrushchev
- Impact of U.S. Presidents on the Cold War:

- Kennedy
- Johnson
- Nixon
- Carter
- Reagan

- Economic-political spectrum

